



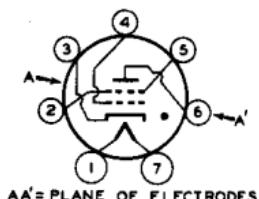
# 3D22-A

## GAS THYRATRON

**Mechanical:**

Mounting Position . . . . . Any  
 Maximum Overall Length . . . . . 4-5/8"  
 Maximum Seated Length . . . . . 4"  
 Maximum Diameter . . . . . 2-3/8"  
 Weight (Approx.) . . . . . 5 oz  
 Bulb . . . . . T-16  
 Base . . . . . Medium-Metal-Shell Giant 7-Pin  
                             with Bayonet (JETEC No. A7-17)  
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW . . . . . 7BV

Pin 1 -- Heater  
 Pin 2 -- Grid No. 2  
 Pin 3 -- Cathode  
 Pin 4 -- Grid No. 1



Pin 5 -- Grid No. 2  
 Pin 6 -- Anode  
 Pin 7 -- Heater

**RELAY AND GRID-CONTROLLED RECTIFIER SERVICE**
**Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:**
**PEAK ANODE VOLTAGE:**

Forward . . . . .	650 max.      volts
Inverse . . . . .	1500 max.      volts

**GRID-No. 2 (SHIELD-GRID) VOLTAGE:**

Peak, before tube conduction . . . . .	-100 max.      volts
Average#, during tube conduction . . . . .	-10 max.      volts

**GRID-No. 1 (CONTROL-GRID) VOLTAGE:**

Peak or DC, before tube conduction . . . . .	-200 max.      volts
Average#, during tube conduction . . . . .	-10 max.      volts

**CATHODE CURRENT:**

Peak . . . . .	8 max.      amp
Average# . . . . .	0.8 max.      amp
Fault, for duration of 0.1 second max. . . . .	30 max.      amp

AVERAGE GRID-No. 2 CURRENT# . . . . .	+0.1 max.      amp
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AVERAGE GRID-No. 1 CURRENT# . . . . .	+0.05 max.      amp
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**PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:**

Heater negative with respect to cathode. . . . .	100 max.      volts
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Heater positive with respect to cathode. . . . .	25 max.      volts
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AMBIENT-TEMPERATURE RANGE . . . . .	-75 to +90      °C
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**Maximum Circuit Values:**

Grid-No. 1-Circuit Resistance . . . . .	2 max.      megohms
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# Averaged over any interval of 30 seconds maximum.



# 3D22-A

## GAS THYRATRON

3D22-A

NEGATIVE-CONTROL TETRODE TYPE

Supersedes Type 3D22

### GENERAL DATA

#### Electrical:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

	Min.	Av.	Max.	
Voltage . . . . .	5.7	6.3	6.9	ac or dc volts
Current at 6.3 volts. . .	-	2.6	2.85	amp

Cathode:

Minimum heating time prior to tube conduction. . . . .	30	sec
Maximum outage time without reheating. . . . .	3	sec

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances  
(Approx.):<sup>o</sup>

Grid No.1 to anode*. . . . .	0.1	$\mu\text{uf}$
Grid No.1 to cathode, grid No.2, base shell, and heater . . . . .	8.5	$\mu\text{uf}$
Anode to cathode, grid No.2, base shell, and heater . . . . .	4.6	$\mu\text{uf}$

Ionization Time (Approx.):

For conditions: dc anode volts = 100, grid-No.1 square-pulse volts = +100, and peak anode amperes during con- duction = 8 . . . . .	0.5	$\mu\text{sec}$
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Deionization Time (Approx.):

For conditions: dc anode volts = 125, dc grid-No.1 volts = -200, grid-No.1 resistor (ohms) = 1000, and dc anode amperes = 0.8. . . . .	150	$\mu\text{sec}$
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For conditions: dc anode volts = 125, dc grid-No.1 volts = -14.8, grid-No.1 resistor (ohms) = 1000, and dc anode amperes = 0.8. . . . .	400	$\mu\text{sec}$
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Maximum Critical Grid-No.1 Current:

For conditions: ac anode-supply volts = 460 (rms), and average anode amperes = 0.8. . . . .	0.8	$\mu\text{amp}$
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Anode Voltage Drop (Approx.): . . . . .

10	volts
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Grid-No.1 Control Ratio (Approx.):

For conditions: grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = 0 to 0.1, grid-No.2 re- sistor (megohms) = 0, and grid-No.2 volts = 0 . . . . .	150
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Grid-No.2 Control Ratio (Approx.):

For conditions: grid-No.1 resistor (megohms) = 0, grid-No.2 resistor (megohms) = 0 to 0.1, and grid-No.1 volts = -3 . . . . .	650
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<sup>o</sup> Without external shield.

\* With all other electrodes and base shell connected to ground.



3D22-A

## 3D22-A GAS THYRATRON

### SPECIAL PERFORMANCE TESTS

Made in conformance with indicated sections of  
*MIL-E-1B Specifications dated 2 May 1952*

#### 4.9.19.2 (F-66) High-Frequency Vibration:

The tube is rigidly mounted on a table vibrating with simple harmonic motion at a frequency of  $50 \pm 2$  cps with a fixed amplitude of  $0.040" \pm 0.0025"$  (total excursion is double the amplitude). Maximum acceleration is 10g. No voltage is applied during vibration. Tube is vibrated for 10 minutes in such manner that table motion is along shortest line between anode and cathode. This test will not cause tube to be inoperative.

#### 4.10.19 (F-64) Thyratron High-Voltage Operation:

Min. Max.

Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (1) . . . . . -4.4 -9.2 volts

This test is made after two light taps with a felt hammer (similar to type used for noise tests) in direction from cathode to anode under the following conditions: heater voltage of 6.3 volts rms, anode supply voltage of 500 volts rms, grid No.2 tied to cathode, load resistance of 2000 ohms, and grid-No.1 circuit-resistance of 2 megohms. Tube conduction is indicated by an oscilloscope connected between anode and cathode and ceases when the grid-No.1 supply voltage is increased negatively within indicated range.

Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (2) . . . . . -4.4 -9.2 volts

This test is made as for Grid-No.1 Supply Voltage (1), except that the taps are made in direction from anode to cathode.

Voltage Difference . . . . . - 1 volt

The difference between the value of grid-No.1 supply voltage in the first and second grid-No.1 supply voltage tests will not exceed the specified value.

### OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Sufficient anode-circuit resistance, including the tube load, must be used under any conditions of operation to prevent exceeding the current ratings of the tube.



3D22-A

## GRID-CONTROLLED RECTIFIER CIRCUITS

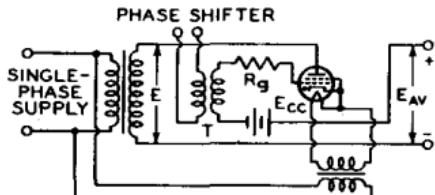
**DC Voltage Control**

FIG. 1 HALF-WAVE SINGLE-PHASE

## PHASE SHIFTER

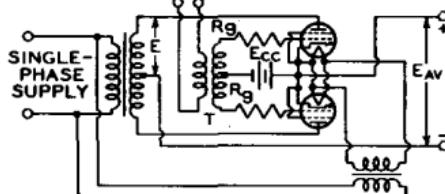


FIG. 2 FULL-WAVE SINGLE-PHASE

## PHASE SHIFTER

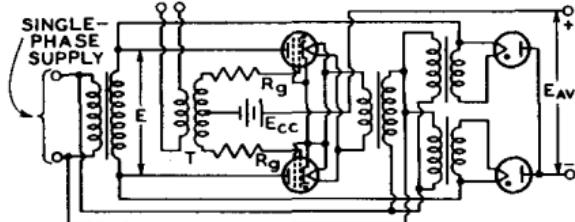


FIG. 3 SERIES SINGLE-PHASE

**AC Voltage Control**

## PHASE SHIFTER

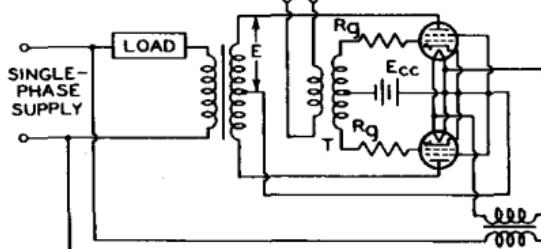


FIG. 4 FULL-WAVE SINGLE-PHASE

NOTES

92CL-8596

T = PEAKING TRANSFORMER

IN FIG. 3, THE RECTIFIER TUBES MAY BE  
3D22-A's USED AS DIODES. THE 3D22-A  
IS USED AS A DIODE BY CONNECTING  
GRIDS N°2 AND N°1 TO CATHODE (PIN 3)

Devices and arrangements shown or described herein may use patents of RCA or others. Information contained herein is furnished without responsibility by RCA for its use and without prejudice to RCA's patent rights.



3D22-A

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## GRID - CONTROLLED RECTIFIER CIRCUITS

## Numerical Relationships Among Electrical Quantities

$E$ = Trans. Sec. Voltage (RMS)	$I_{av}$ = Average DC Output Current
$E_{av}$ = Average DC Output Voltage	$I_b$ = Average Anode Current
$E_{bmf}$ = Peak Forward Anode Voltage	$I_p$ = Anode Current (RMS)
$E_{bmi}$ = Peak Inverse Anode Voltage	$I_{pm}$ = Peak Anode Current
$E_m$ = Peak DC Output Voltage	$P_{ac}$ = Load Volt-Amperes
$E_r$ = Major Ripple Voltage (RMS)	$P_{al}$ = Line Volt-Amperes
$f$ = Supply Frequency	$P_{ap}$ = Trans. Pri. Volt-Amperes
$f_r$ = Major Ripple Frequency	$P_{as}$ = Trans. Sec. Volt-Amperes
$P_{dc}$ = DC Power ( $E_{av} \times I_{av}$ )	

Note: Conditions assumed involve sine-wave supply; zero voltage drop in tubes; no losses in transformer and circuit; no back emf in the load circuit; and no phase-back.

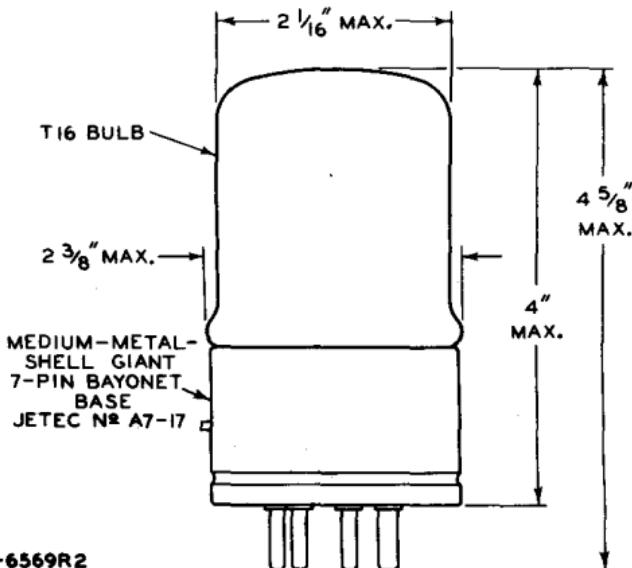
RATIO	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	Fig. 3	Fig. 4
<b>Voltage Ratios</b>				
$E/E_{av}$	2.22	1.11	1.11	-
$E_{bmi}/E$	1.41	2.83	1.41	1.41
$E_{bmi}/E_{av}$	3.14	3.14	1.57	-
$E_m/E_{av}$	3.14	1.57	1.57	-
$E_r/E_{av}$	1.11	0.472	0.472	-
$E_{bmf}/E$ :				
Resistive Load	1.41	1.41	1.41	1.41
Inductive Load	1.41	2.83	1.41	1.41
<b>Frequency Ratio</b>				
$f_r/f$	1	2	2	-
<b>Current Ratios</b>				
$I_p/I_{av}$	1.57	0.785	0.785	-
$I_b/I_{av}$	1	0.5	0.5	-
Resistive Load				
$I_{pm}/I_{av}$	3.14	1.57	1.57	-
$I_{pm}/I_b$	3.14	3.14	3.14	3.14
Inductive Load				
$I_{pm}/I_{av}$	--	1	1	-
<b>Power Ratios</b>				
$P_{ac}/I_b E_{bmf}$	--	-	-	1.57
Resistive Load				
$P_{as}/P_{dc}$	3.49	1.74	1.24	-
$P_{ap}/P_{dc}$	2.69	1.23	1.24	-
$P_{al}/P_{dc}$	2.69	1.23	1.24	-

■: See next page.



**3D22-A**  
**GAS THYRATRON**

RATIO	Fig. 1	Fig. 2	Fig. 3	Fig. 4
<b>Power Ratios (Cont'd)</b>				
<i>Inductive Load</i>				
$P_{ac}/P_{dc}$	—	1.57	1.11	—
$P_{ap}/P_{dc}$	—	1.11	1.11	—
$P_{al}/P_{dc}$	—	1.11	1.11	—
■ The use of a large filter-input choke is assumed, except for the circuit in Fig. 4.				
CIRCUIT Single-Phase	MAX. TRANS. SEC. VOLTS (RMS) E	APPROX. DC OUTPUT VOLTS TO FILTER $E_{av}$	MAX. DC OUTPUT AMPERES $I_{av}$	MAX. DC OUTPUT WATTS TO FILTER $P_{dc}$
Fig. 1 Half-Wave	460	205	0.8	165
Fig. 2 Full-Wave: Resistive Load	460	410	1.6	660
Inductive Load	230	205	1.6	330
Fig. 3 Series	460	410	1.6	660
Fig. 4 Full-Wave	460	—	—	800



92CM-6569R2

JULY 1, 1955

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DATA 3

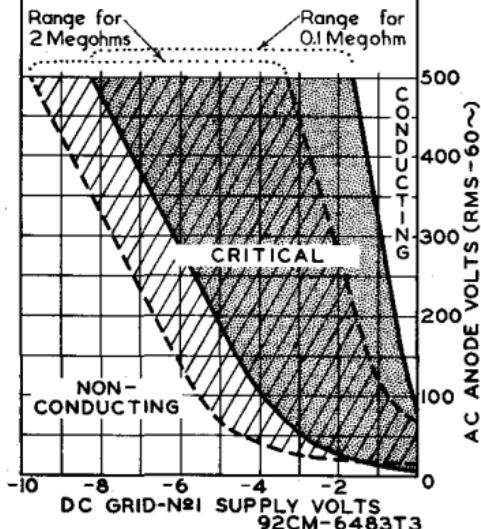


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GAS THYRATRON

3D22-A

OPERATIONAL RANGE  
OF CRITICAL GRID-N<sup>o</sup>1 VOLTAGE

GRID N<sup>o</sup>2 (SHIELD) CONNECTED TO CATHODE.  
RANGES SHOWN ARE FOR TWO VALUES OF  
GRID-N<sup>o</sup>1 RESISTOR, 0.1 MEG. AND 2 MEG., AND  
TAKE INTO ACCOUNT INITIAL DIFFERENCES  
BETWEEN INDIVIDUAL TUBES AND SUBSE-  
QUENT DIFFERENCES DURING TUBE LIFE,  
FOR HEATER-VOLTAGE RANGE OF 5.7 TO  
6.9 VOLTS, AND FOR AN AMBIENT TEMPER-  
ATURE RANGE OF -40 TO +90 °C.



JULY 1, 1955

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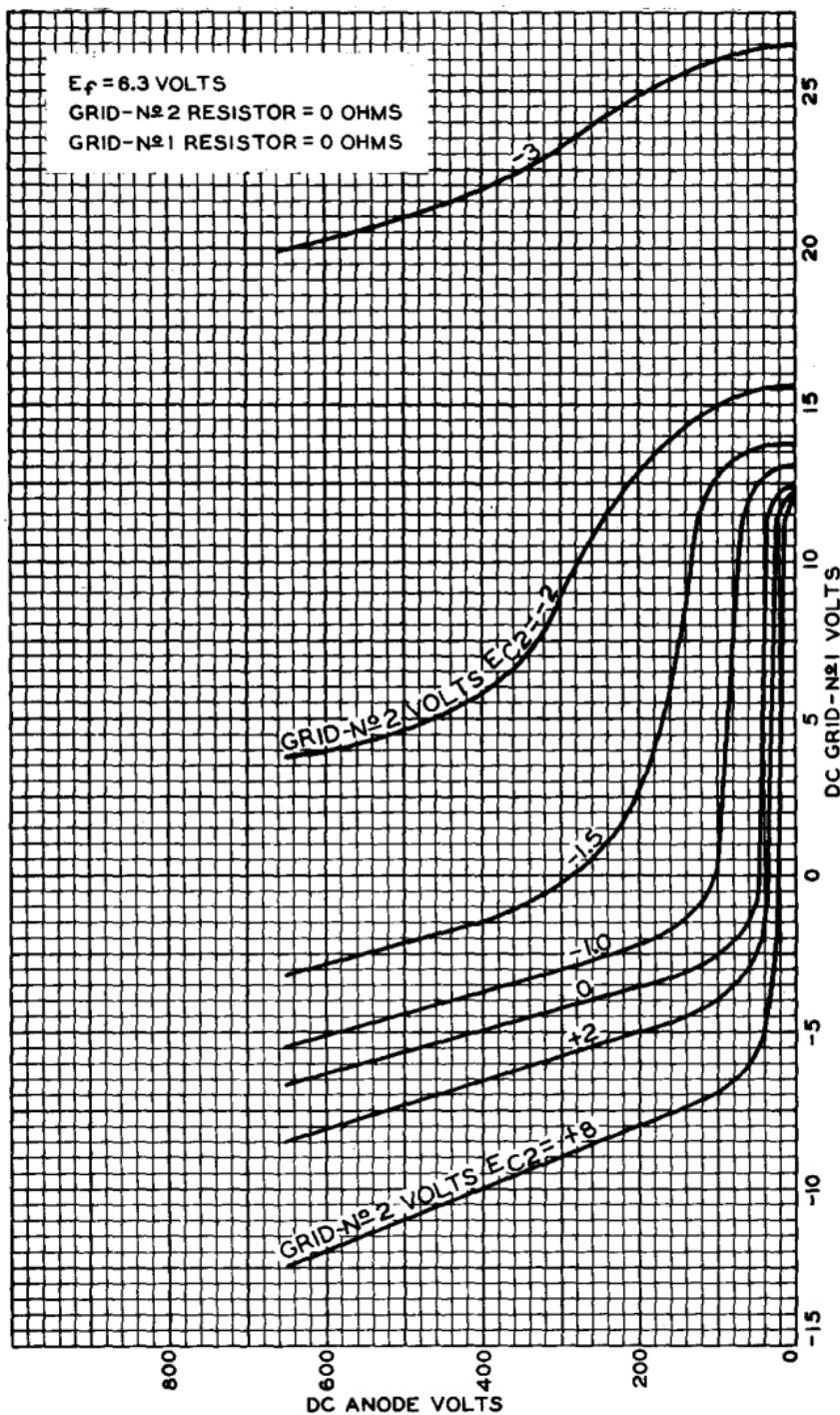
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## AVERAGE CONTROL CHARACTERISTICS



JAN. 22, 1947

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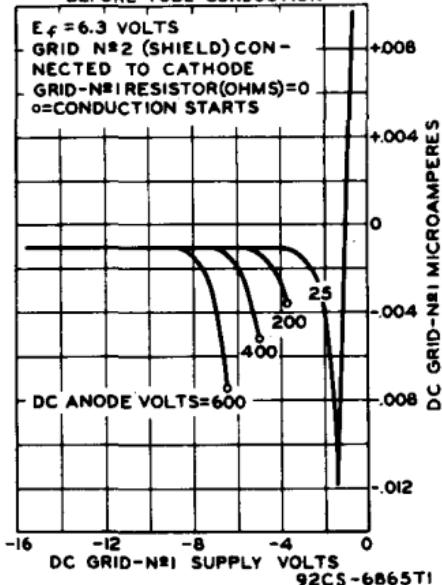
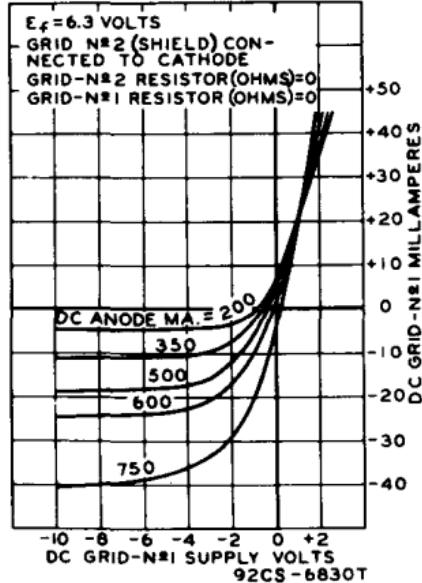
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## CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

AVERAGE GRID-N<sup>2</sup>1  
CHARACTERISTICS  
BEFORE TUBE CONDUCTIONAVERAGE GRID-N<sup>2</sup>1  
CHARACTERISTICS  
DURING TUBE CONDUCTION

JULY 1, 1955

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